

Best Practice & Quality **DXA pitfalls and errors**

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-Clinical Lead Quality Improvement

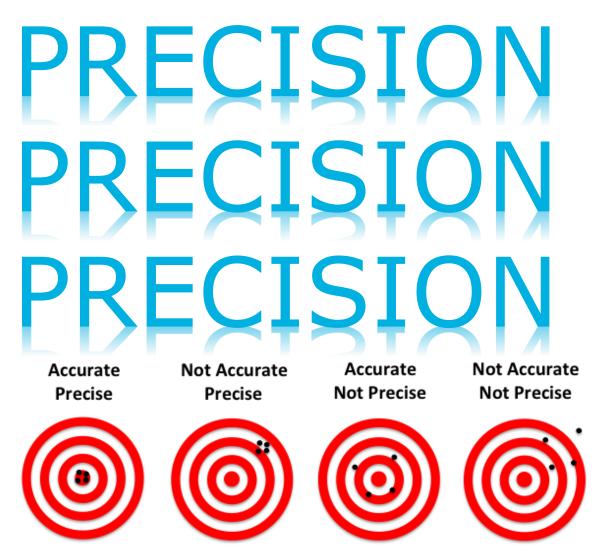
Topics

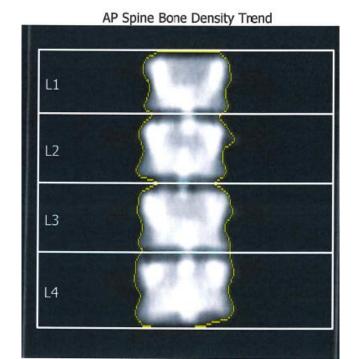
- •Introduction- why?
- Re-cap Best Practice in DXA technique
 - Acquisition
 - Analysis
- Case studies
- Discussion



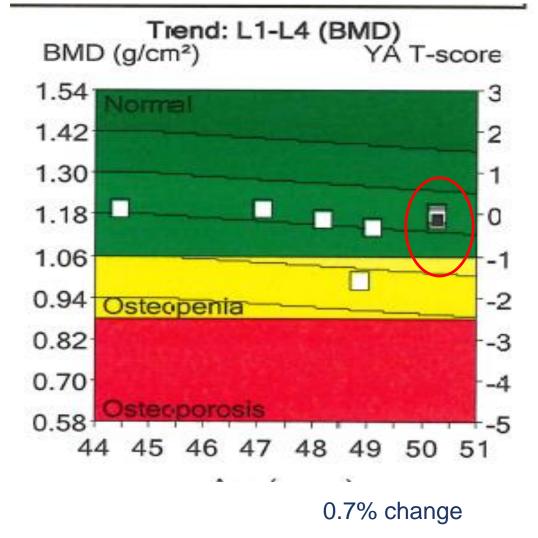
WHY?

Best practice WHY?





Measurement date	BMD g/cm2	% change against previous
19.04.2019	1.172	0.4
19.04.2019	1.167	0.3
19.04.2019	1.163	-0.2
19.04.2019	1.165	-0.2
19.04.2019	1.167	-0.3





Precision

Measurement date	BMD g/cm2	% change against previous
19.04.2019	1.188	-0.3
18.04.2019	1.192	-0.3
15.04.2019	1.196	0.6
14.04.2019	1.189	0.8
13.04.2019	1.180	-0.2

1.1% change over 5 samples



Rates of Change

Least significant change:

The least significant change is the minimum change in BMD between two scans on the same individual that indicate a real increase or decrease in BMD.

It is calculated as 2.77 times the long-term precision error (co-efficient of variation) of the Equipment (3)



Rates of change

Long term precision errors- in a clinical cohort- for lumbar spine and total femur BMD = 1.6% (4)

LSC in clinical practice = 4.5%



Pitfalls

- Precision errors can be increased by:
- many operators/not following tight protocols- poor positioning for scans
- Equipment drift
- Patient condition
- Obesity
 - Spine inhomogeneity
 - Hip fat panniculus



Pitfalls

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- many operators/not following tight protocols- poor positioning for scans
- Equipment drift
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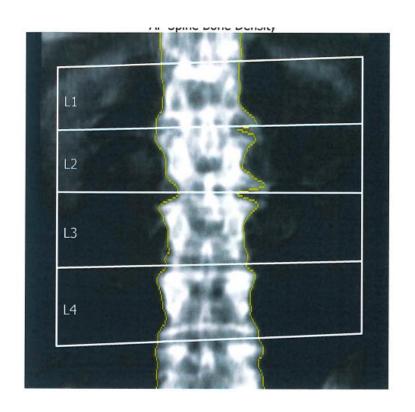


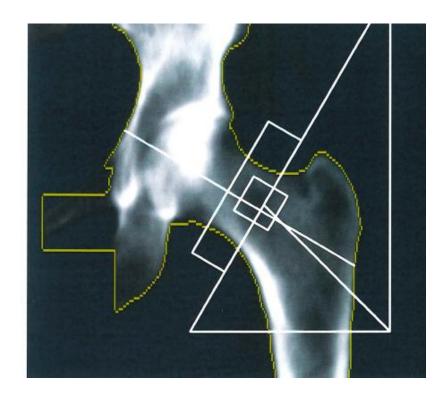
Re-cap Best Practice in DXA technique

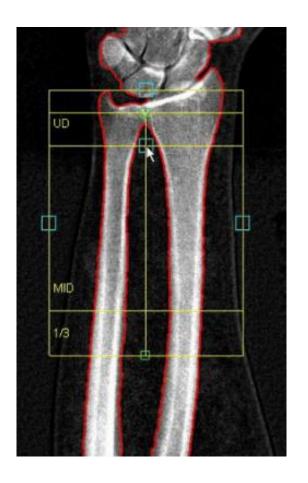
- Acquisition
- Analysis

Best Practice- positioning

- WHO 1994
 - Lumbar spine, proximal femur & distal forearm validated sites for diagnosis

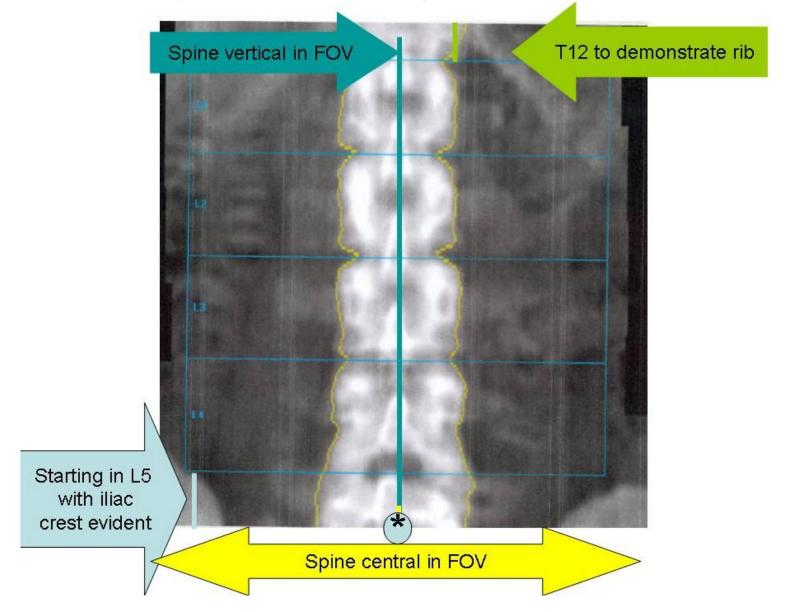






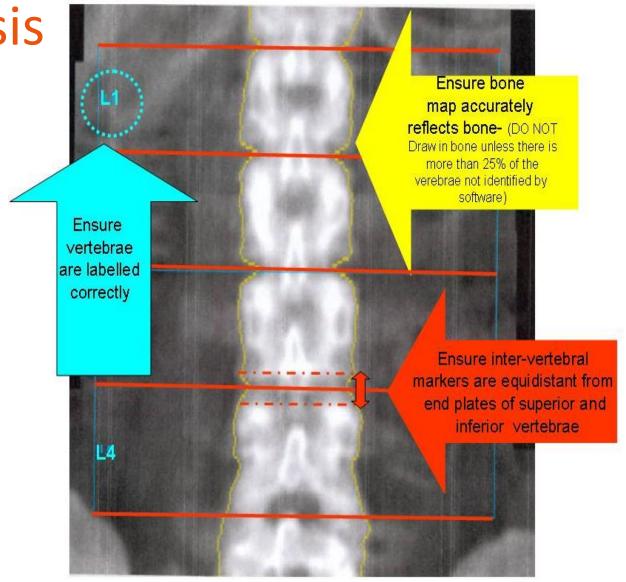


Best Practice- positioning



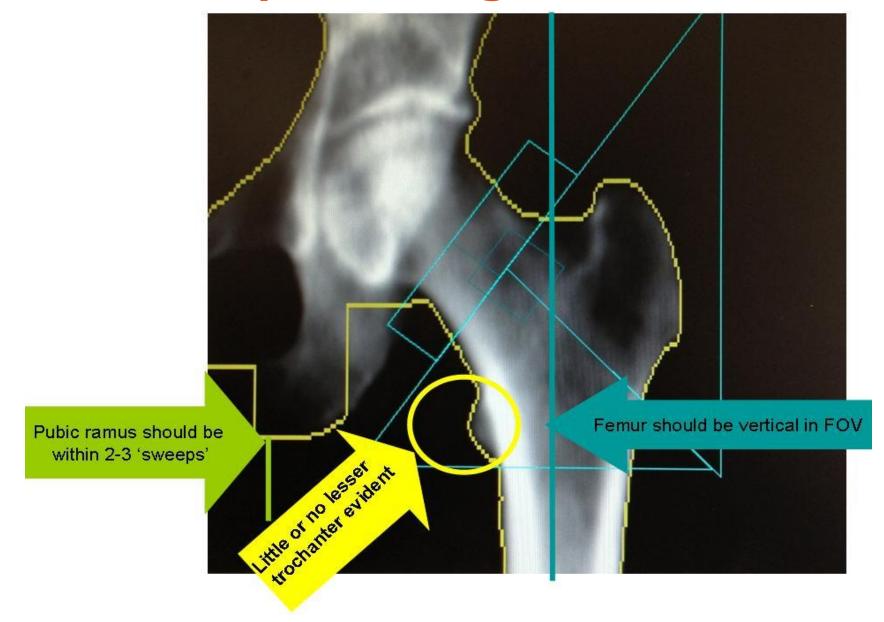


- Bone map
- Nomenclature
- IVM

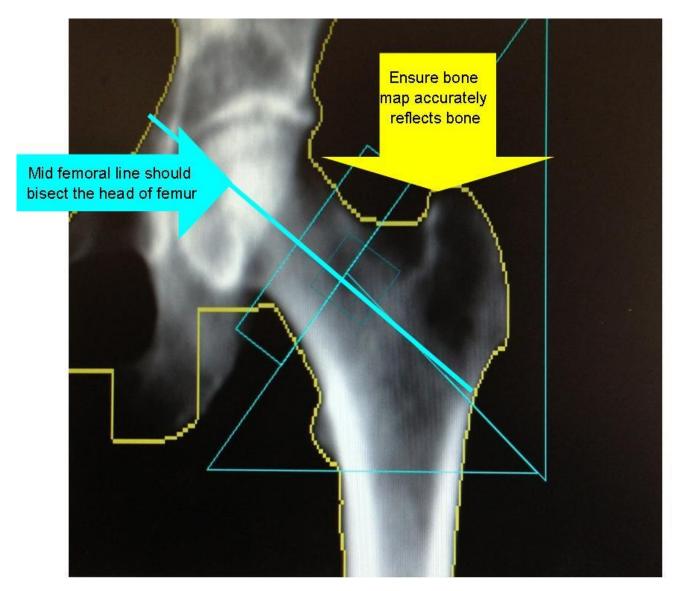




Best Practice- positioning

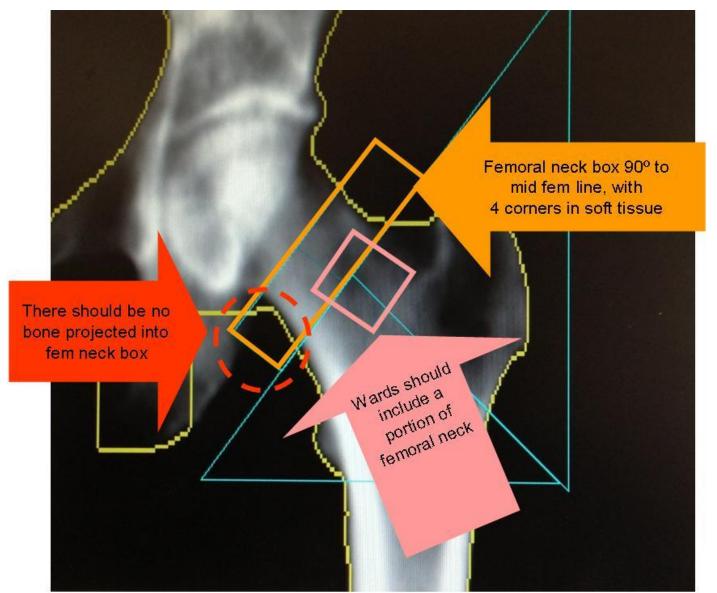






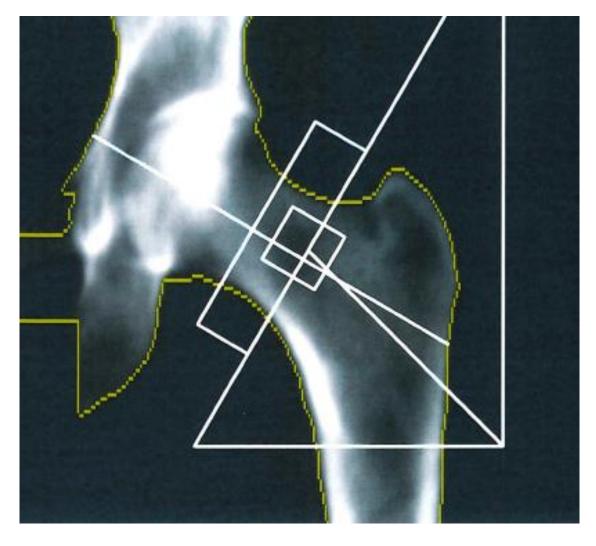
GE Lunar & Hologic scanner differences

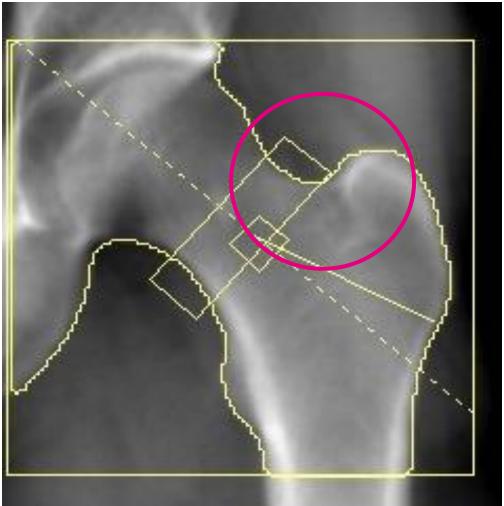




GE Lunar & Hologic scanner differences

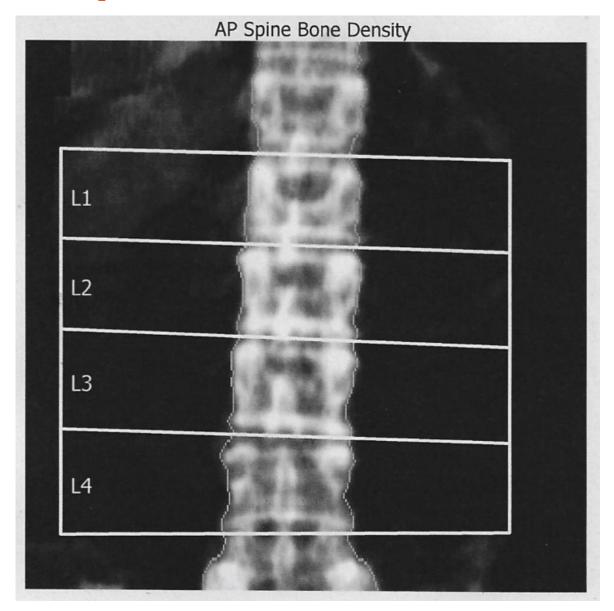




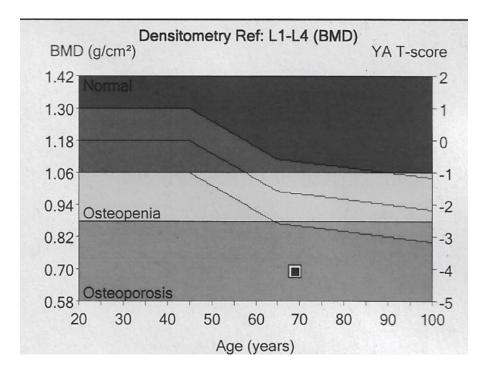




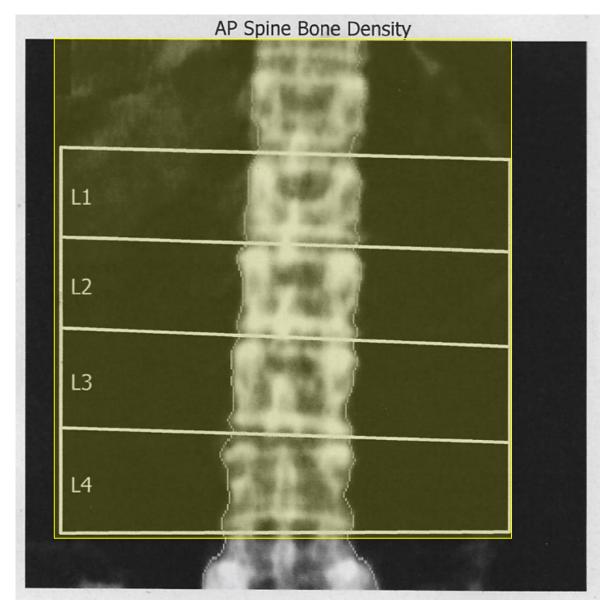
Case Studies



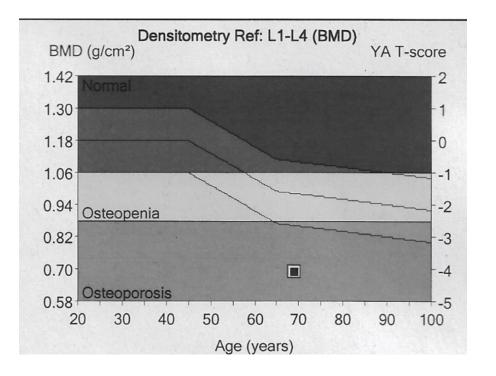
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.689	-4.1	-2.4



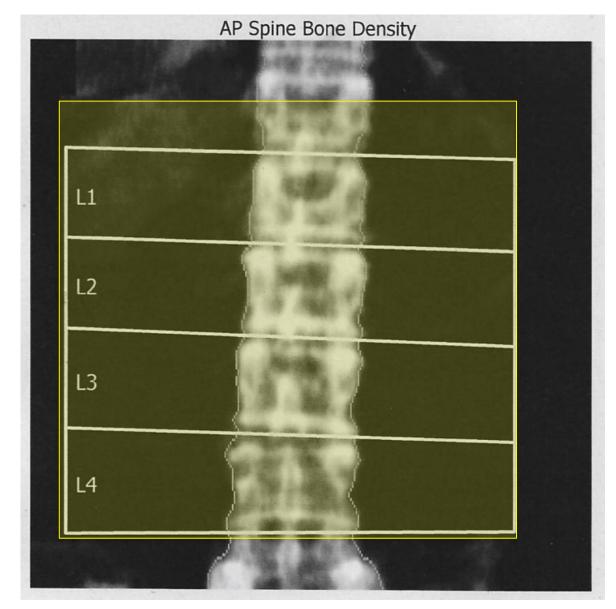




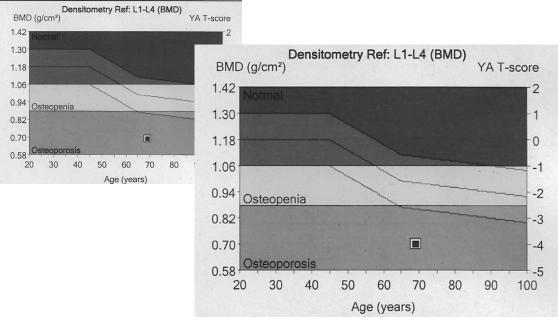
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4 excess ST value	0.689	-4.1	-2.4



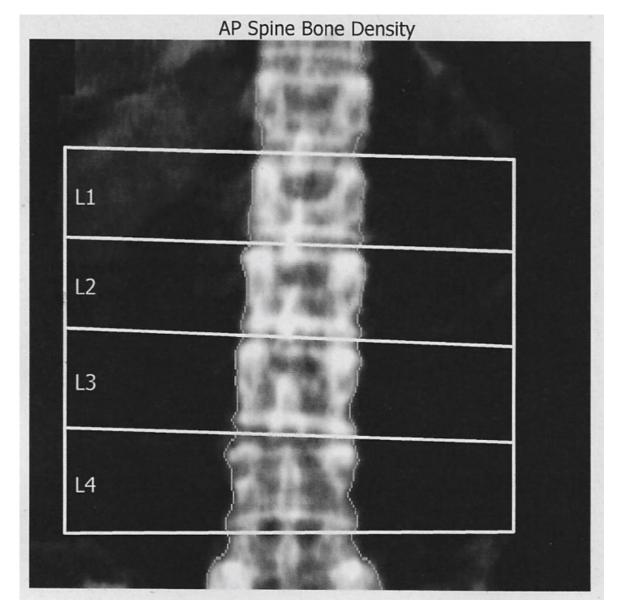




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4 excess ST value	0.689	-4.1	-2.4
L1-4 corrected	0.699	-4.0	-2.4







Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4 excess ST value	0.689	-4.1	-2.4
L1-4 corrected	0.699	-4.0	-2.4

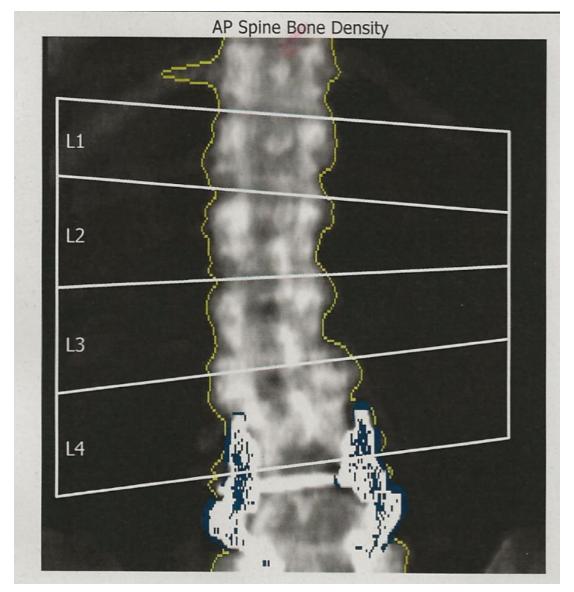
Error effect Increased soft tissue area

Increased precision error

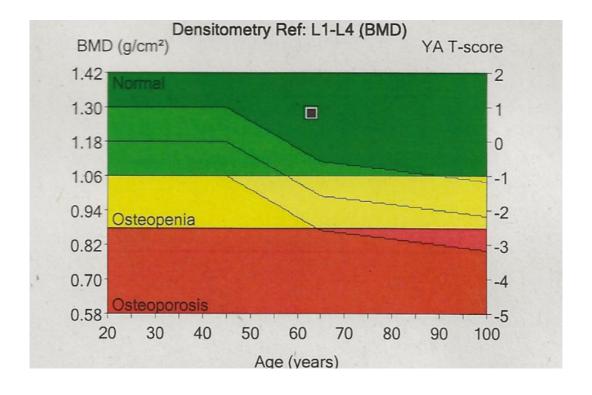
Decreased BMD

Decreased reliability

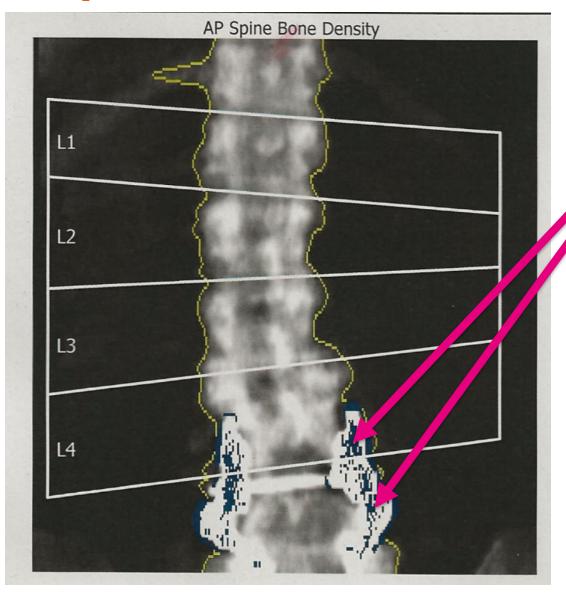




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	1.277	0.8	2.2

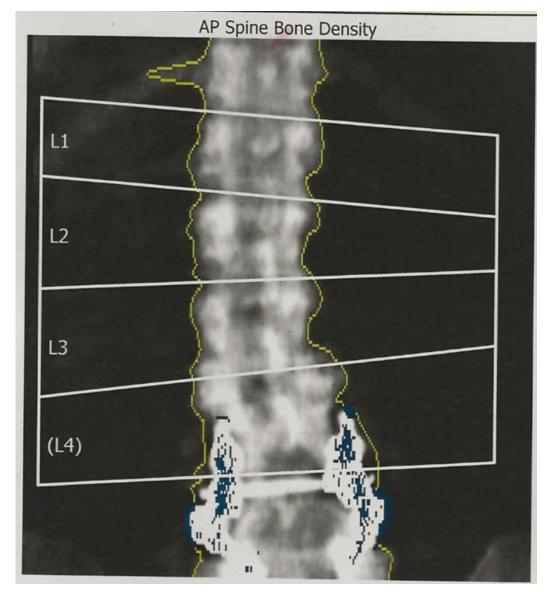






 Auto analysis and scanner software compensation of metallic artefact (mixed interpretation)





Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	1.277	0.8	2.2
L1-3 corrected	1.394	1.9	3.3

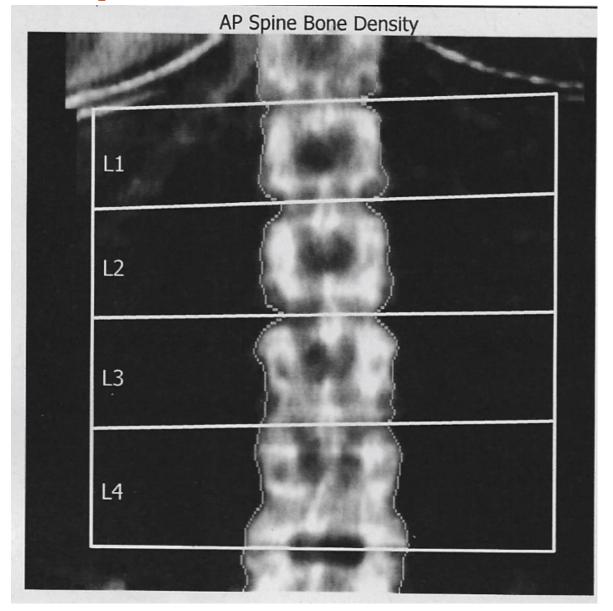
Error effect inclusion of mixed value artefact

Increased precision error

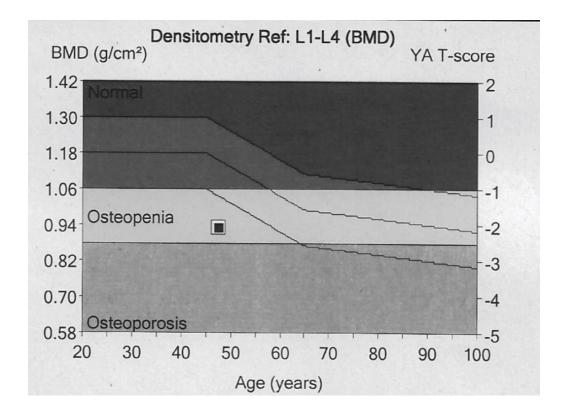
Decreased BMD

Decreased reliability





Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.932	-2.1	-1.9



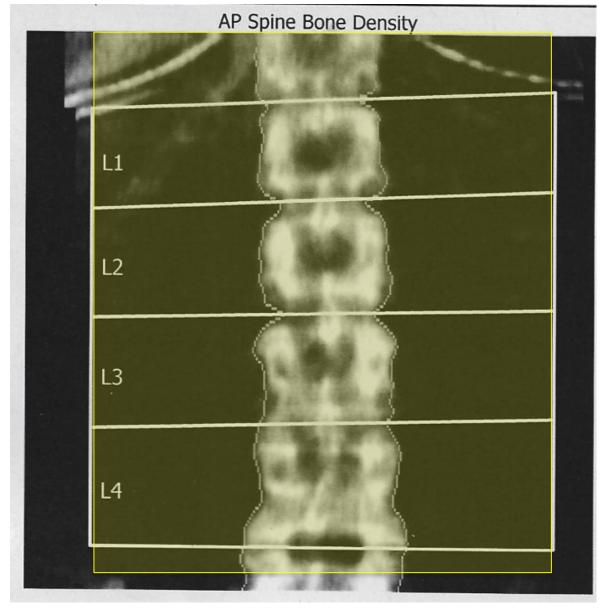


Best Practice- analysis ST artefacts

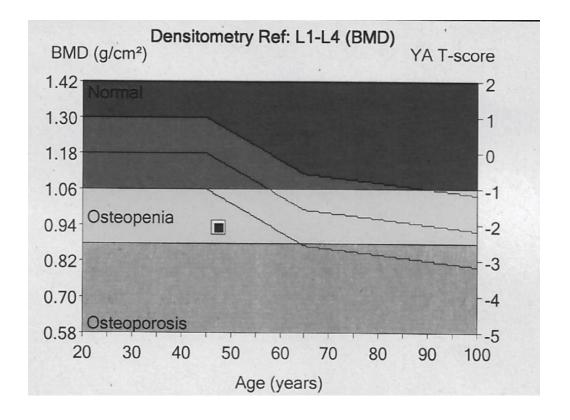
HOLOGIC Management of artefacts:

Artefact	Management	Effect on measurements
Soft tissue only	Use 'UNDO' at bone map	none
Over bone/vertebral body	Delete vertebra	None- caution with rates of change
Over soft tissue & bone	Delete vertebra	none
Small artefact in soft tissue e.g. clips, catheter	none	Little or none
Small artefact over bone e.g. clips, belly bar/ring	If abnormal- delete bone	Small effect
Large artefact over soft tissue	none	Possible effect- interpret with caution
Large artefact over soft tissue and bone	Delete vertebrae or exclude from global ROI	Definite effect-interpret with caution.

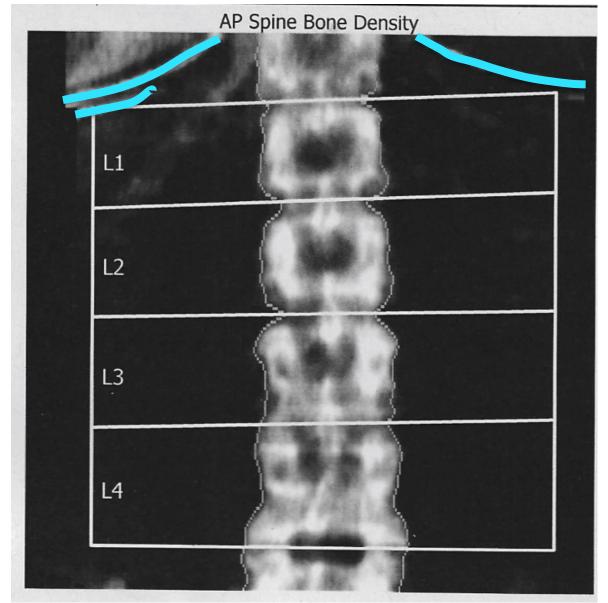




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.932	-2.1	-1.9





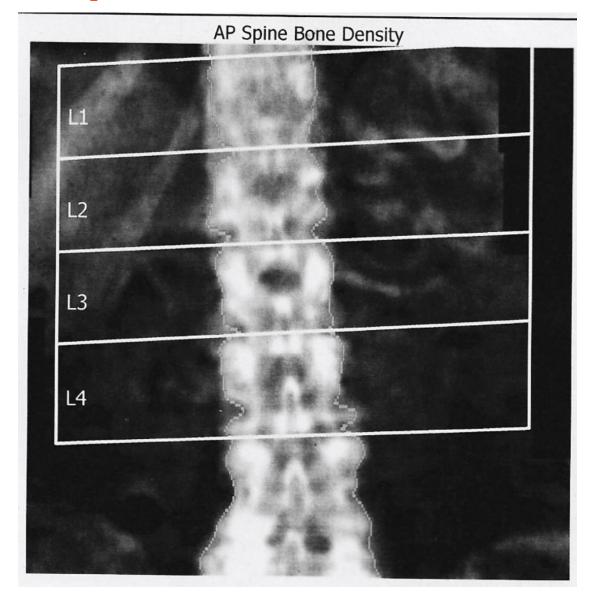


Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4 unmarked artefact	0.932	-2.1	-1.9
L1-4 artefact corrected	0.941	-2.0	-1.8

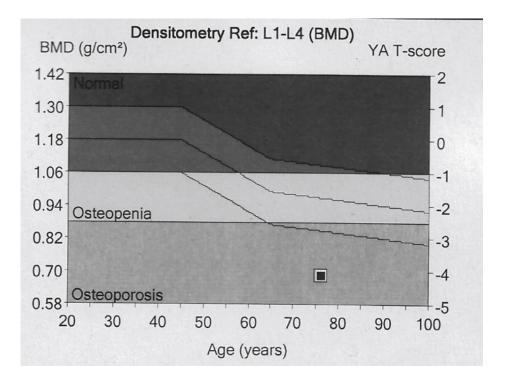
Error effect Including metal in soft tissue

Increased Decreased BMD error Decreased reliability

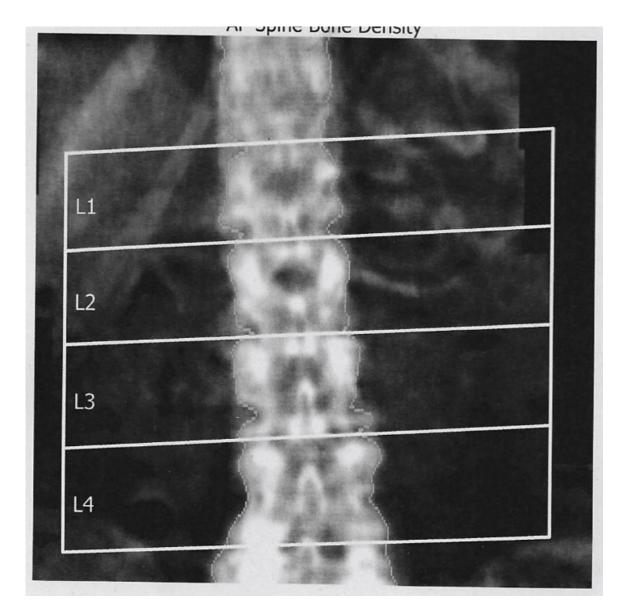




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.685	-4.1	-2.4







Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-L4 incorrectly labelled	0.685	-4.1	-2.4
L1-4 corrected	0.746	-3.6	-1.8

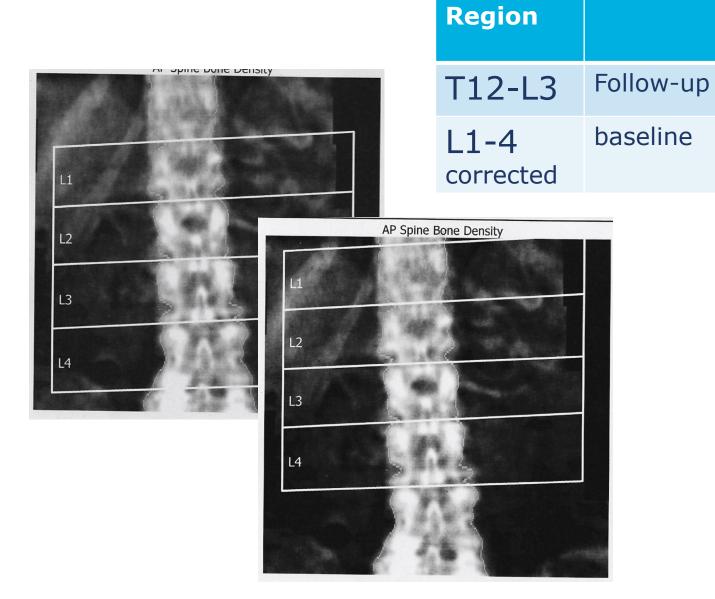
Error effect labelling T12 as L1

Increased precision error

Decreased BMD

Decreased reliability







BMD

g/cm2

0.685

0.746

T-score

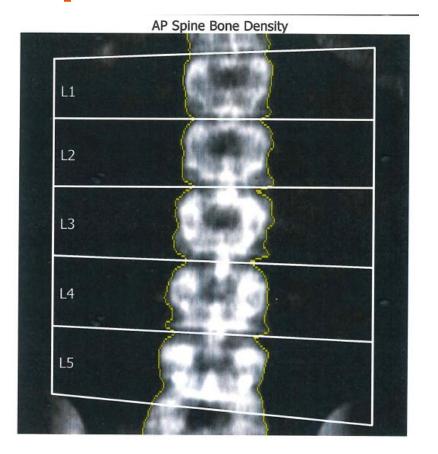
-4.1

-3.6

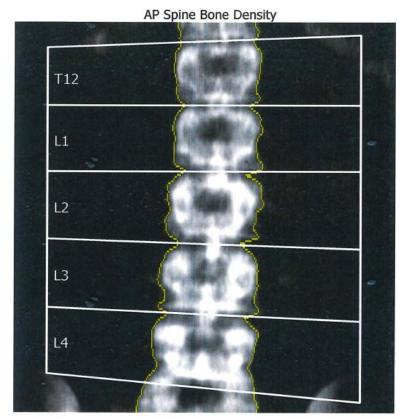
0/0

8%

change

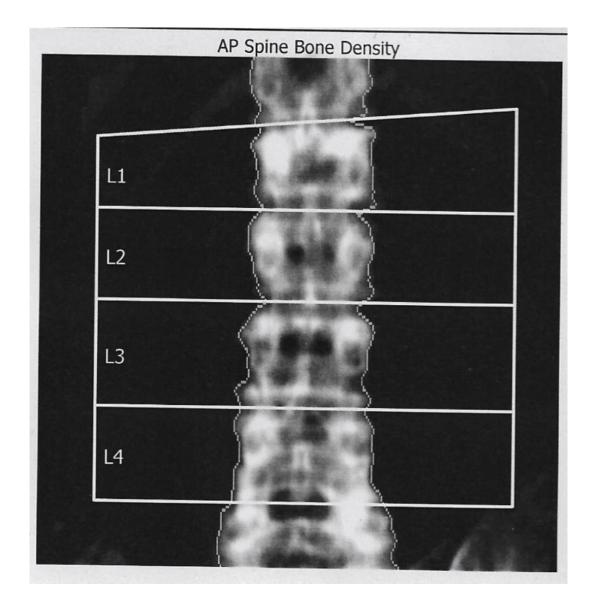


Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
L1-L4	0.963	-2.5

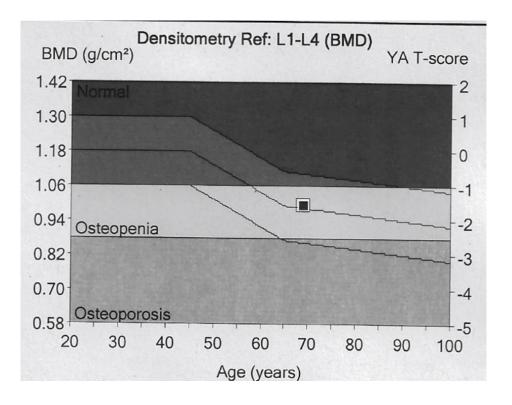




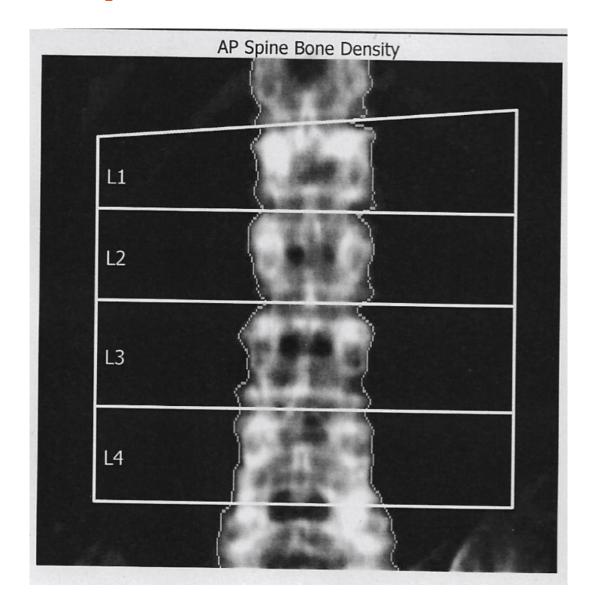
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
L1-L4	1.029	-1.7



Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.992	-1.6	0.1



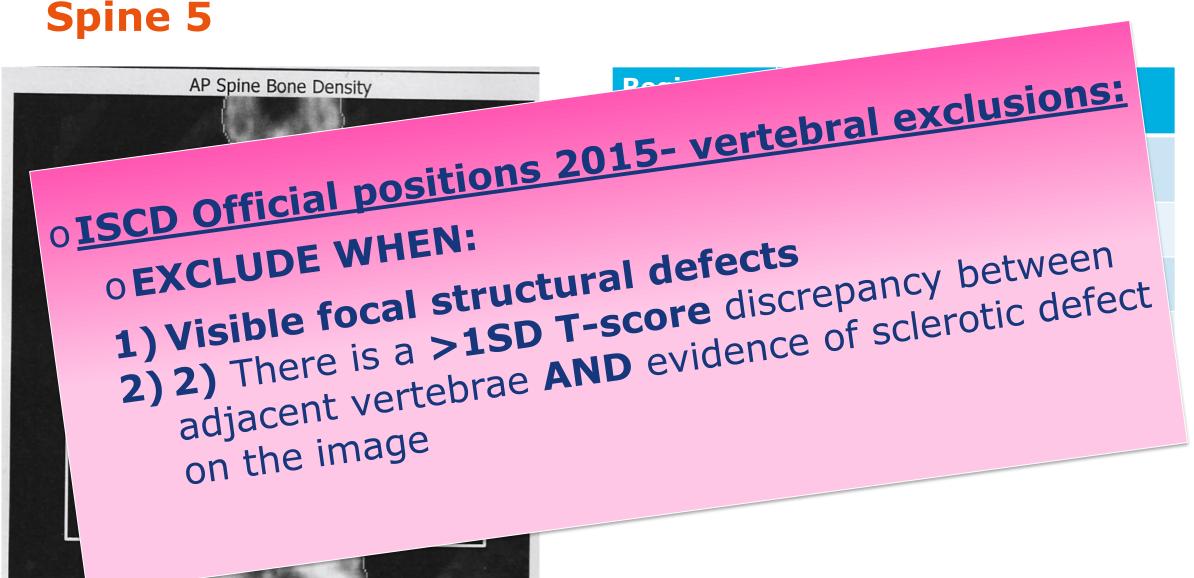




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
L1-4	0.992	-1.6
L1		-0.5
L2		-2.4
L3		-2.2
L4		-1.3

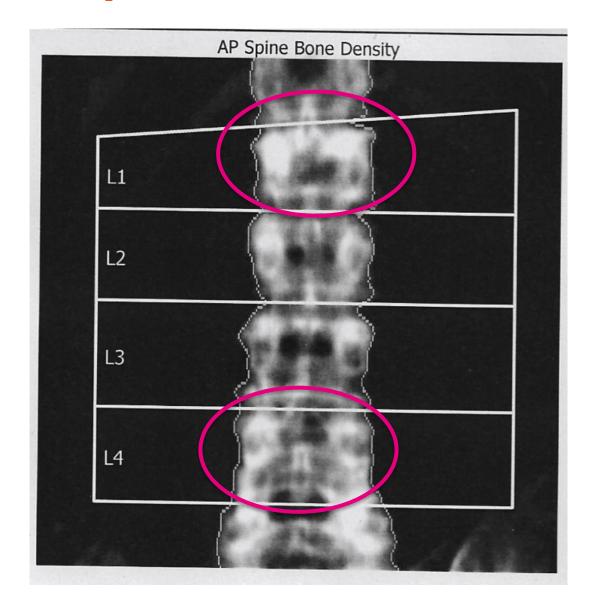


Spine 5





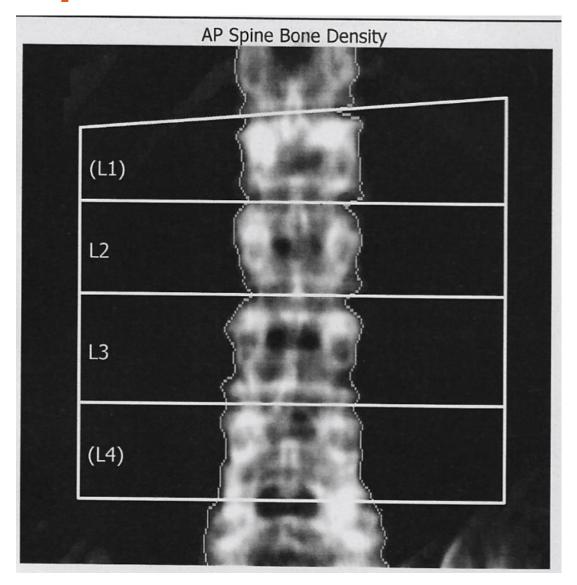
Spine 5



Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
L1-4	0.992	-1.6
L1		-0.5
L2		-2.4
L3		-2.2
L4		-1.3



Spine 5



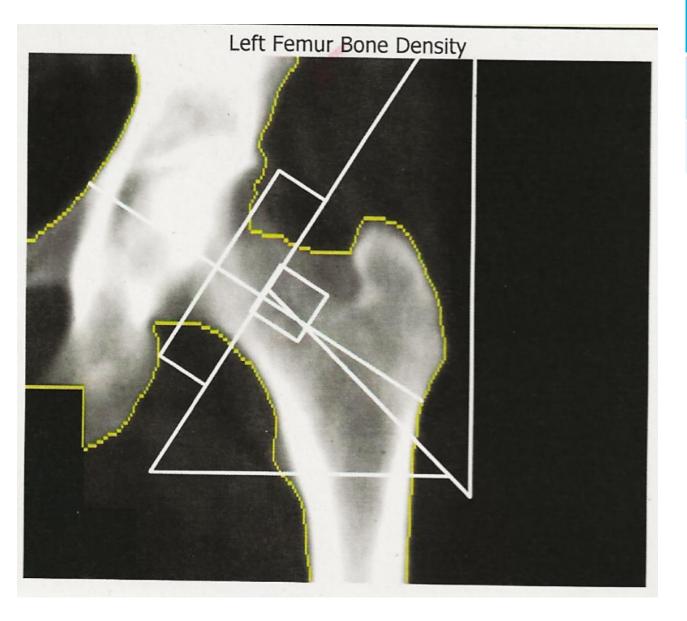
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	0.992	-1.6	0.1
L2-3	0.926	-2.3	-0.6

Error effect inclusion of degenerative change

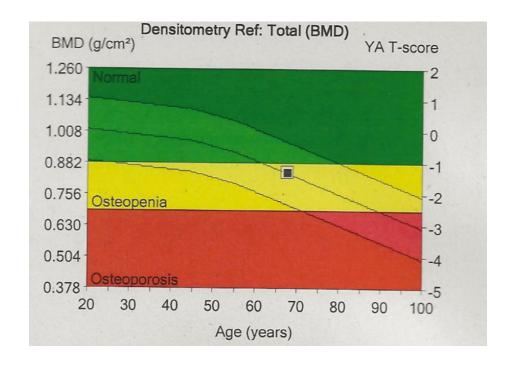
Increased BMD Decreased reliability
Increased precision

error

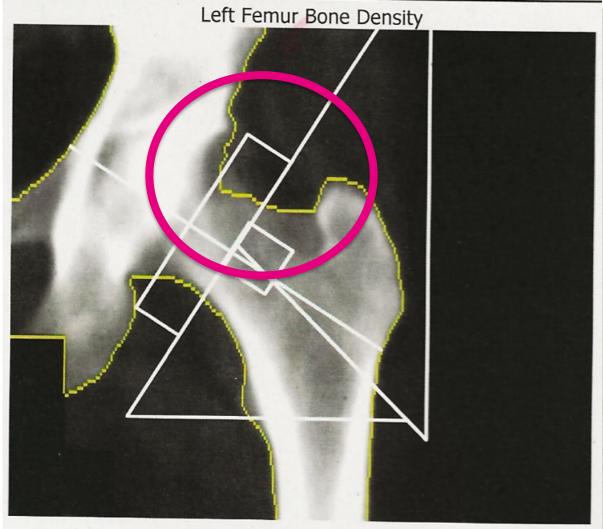


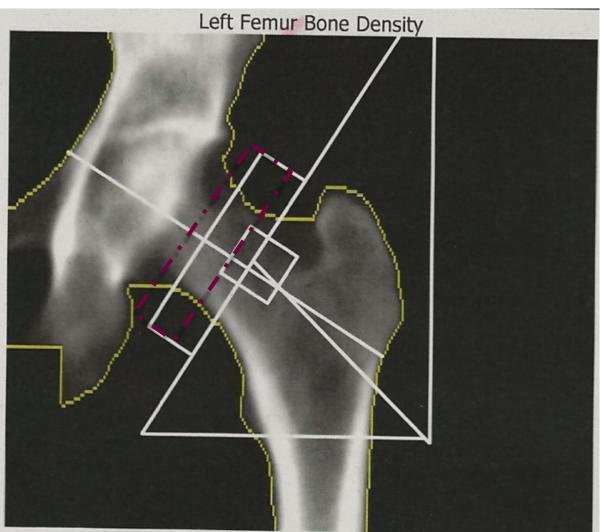


Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
Total	0.992	-1.6
NOF	0.819	-1.6



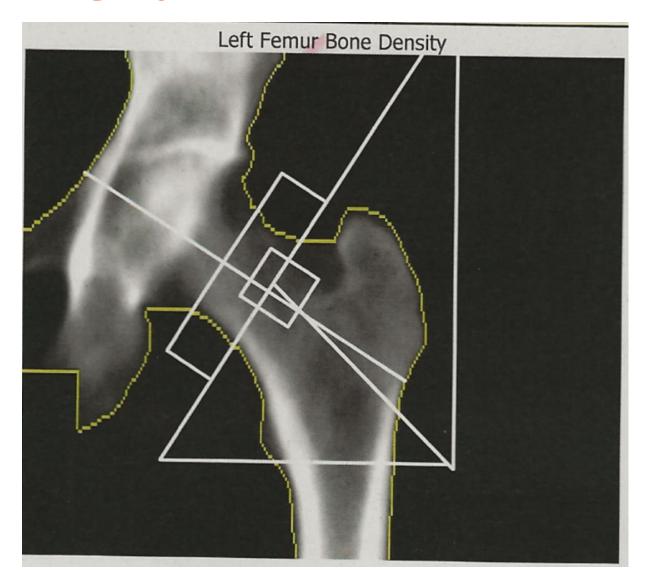






FN box measuring bone as ST and incorrect place





Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
Total Incorrectly placed	0.846	-1.3
Total Corrected	0.851	-1.2
NOF Incorrectly placed	0.819	-1.6
NOF Corrected	0.783	-1.8

Error effect poor bone map &incorrect

FN box placement

Increases NOF BMD

Decreases Total BMD

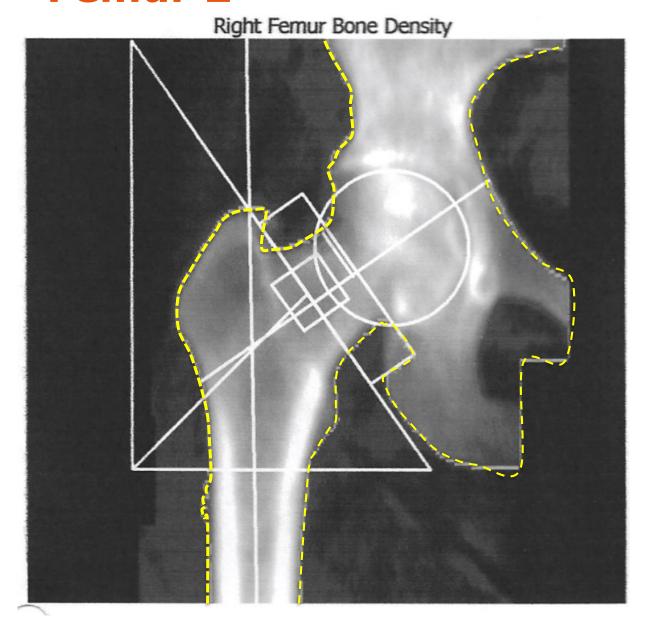


Effect on fracture risk assessment using FRAX Risk factors:

female, ages 67 years with fragility fracture

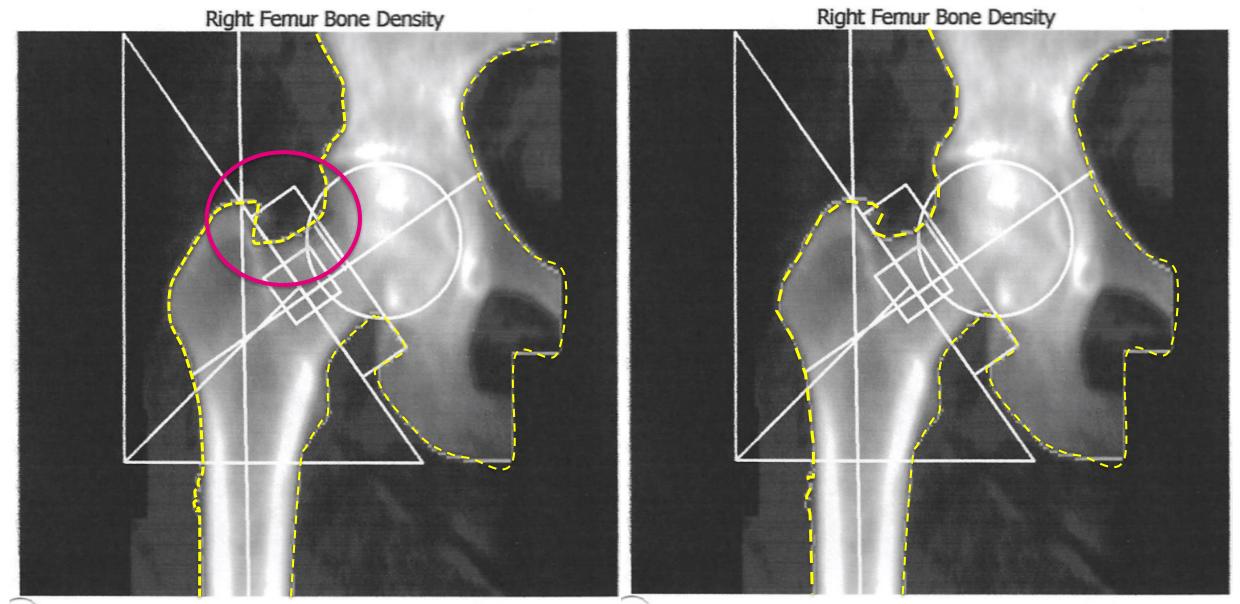
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	FRAX major osteoporoti c fracture	FRAX hip fracture
NOF Incorrectly placed	0.819	-1.6	14.3%	2.1%
NOF Corrected	0.783	-1.8	15.8%	2.7%

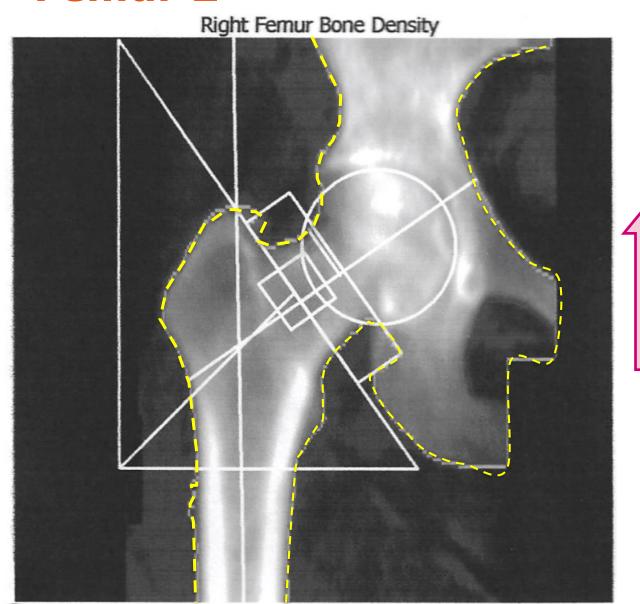




Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score
Total	1.174	1.3
NOF	1.108	0.5







Error effect: poor bone map deleting greater trochanter

Incorrect total hip measurement

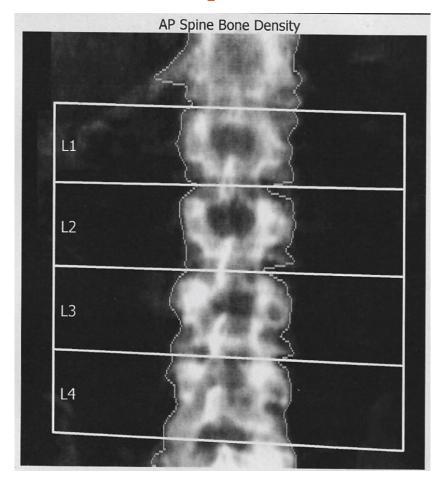
?? Effect on BMD

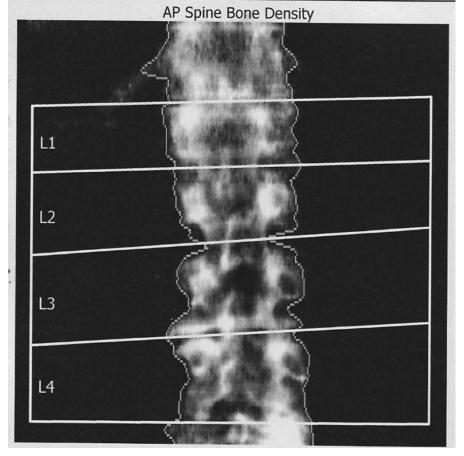
Decreased reliability of

NOF measurement



Follow up case 1



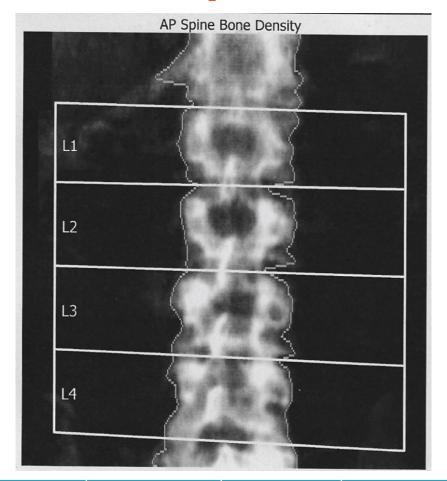


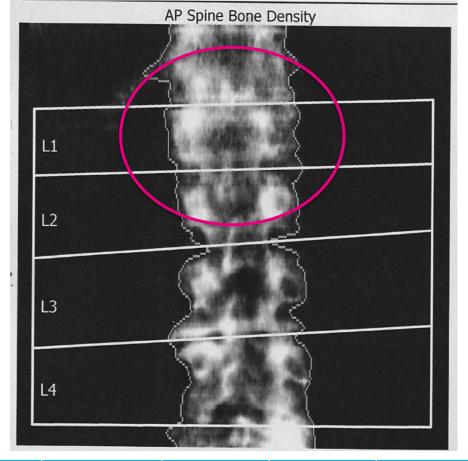
Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	1.026	-1.6	-1.5

Regio	BMD		Z-	%
n	g/cm2		score	change
L1-4	0.959	-2.2	-2	-6.5 %



Follow up case 1



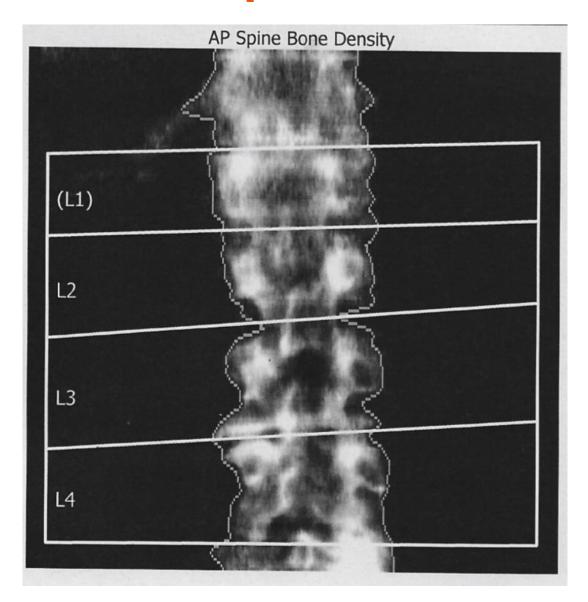


Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score
L1-4	1.026	-1.6	-1.5

Regio n	BMD g/cm2			% change
L1-4	0.959	-2.2	-2	-6.5 %



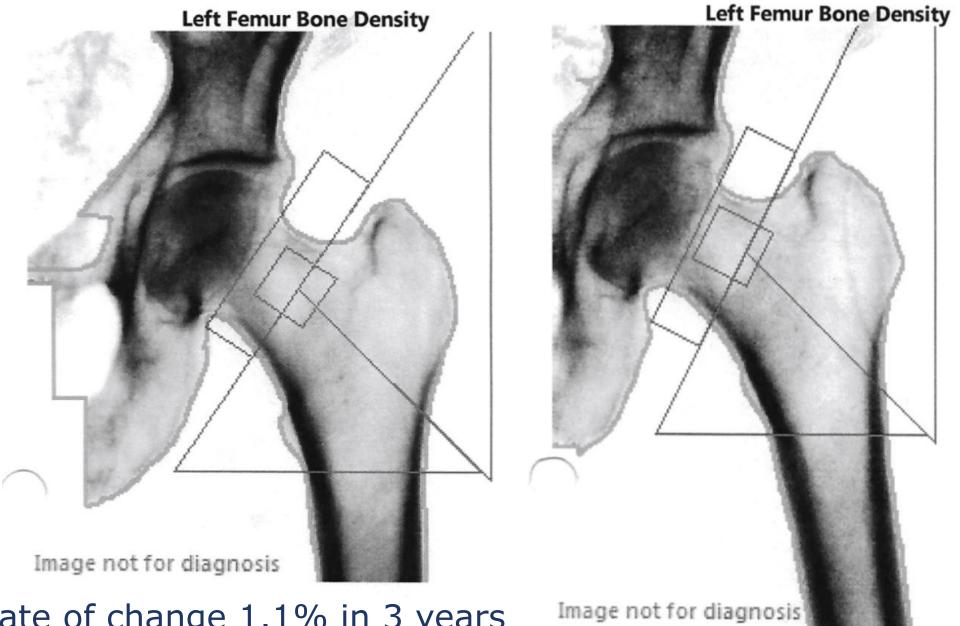
Follow up case 1



Region	BMD g/cm2	T-score	Z-score	% change
L1-4	0.959	-2.2	-2	-6.5 %
L2-4	0.963	-2.3	-2.1	-9.2 %

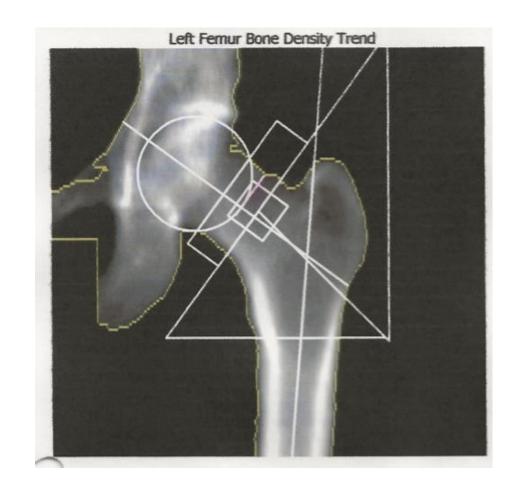


Reliable or not reliable???

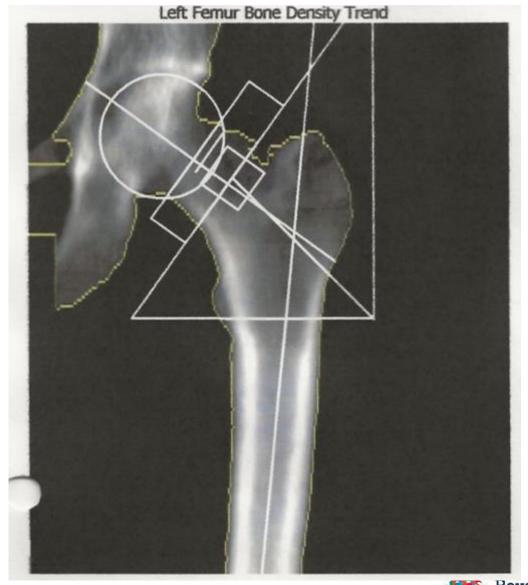


Rate of change 1.1% in 3 years





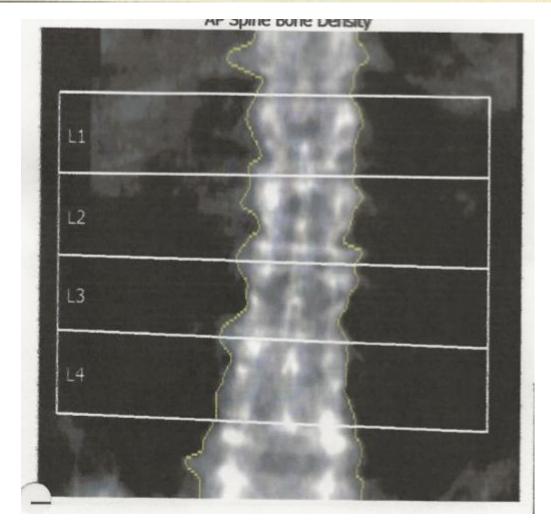
• Rate of change 13.9% in 2 years

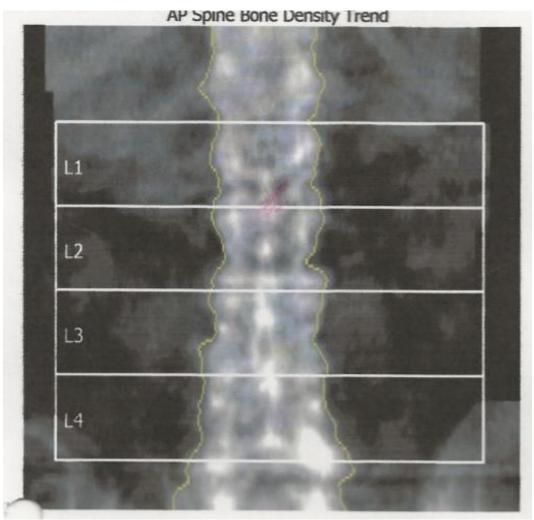




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Analyzed: 19/02/2007 14:43:50 (10.50)

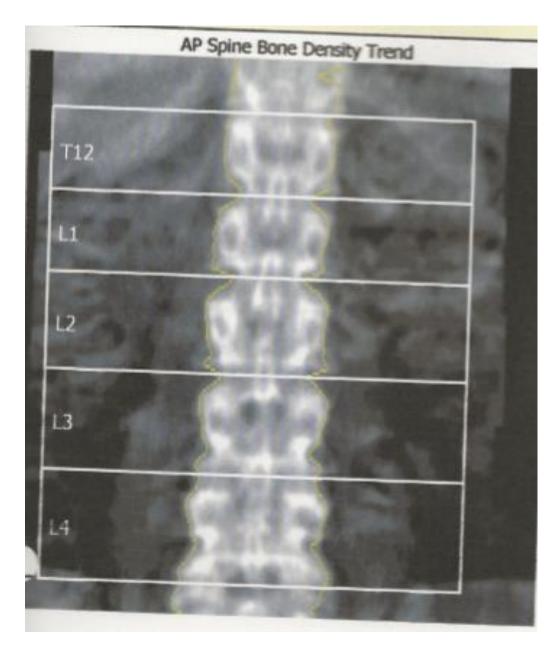
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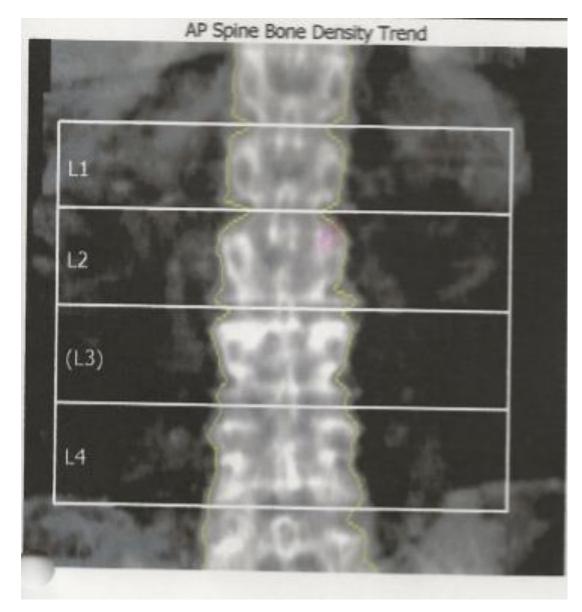




• Rate of change 12.5% in 11 years











Questions & discussion



